

## Transit Asset Management Final Rule Fact Sheet

The Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century Act (MAP-21) required the Secretary to develop rules to establish a system to monitor and manage public transportation assets to improve safety and increase reliability and performance, and to establish performance measures, and the Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act reaffirmed this requirement. On July 26, 2016, FTA published the Transit Asset Management (TAM) Final Rule. You may view the Final Rule at:

<https://federalregister.gov/a/2016-16883>



### State of Good Repair

The purpose of the Final Rule is to help achieve and maintain a state of good repair (SGR) for the nation's public transportation assets. Transit asset management is a business model that uses transit asset condition to guide the optimal prioritization of funding. Currently, there is an estimated \$85.9 billion transit SGR backlog.

The regulations apply to all Transit Providers that are recipients or subrecipients of Federal financial assistance under 49 U.S.C. Chapter 53 and own, operate, or manage transit capital assets used in the provision of public transportation.

### State of Good Repair

The condition in which a capital asset is able to operate at a full level of performance. A capital asset is in a state of good repair when that asset:

1. Is able to perform its designed function,
2. Does not pose a known unacceptable safety risk, and
3. Its lifecycle investments must have been met or recovered.

### TAM Plans

#### Tier I vs. Tier II Applicability

The Final Rule groups providers into two categories: Tier I and Tier II.

Tier I	Tier II
Operates rail	Subrecipient of 5311 funds
<b>OR</b>	<b>OR</b>
≥ 101 vehicles across all fixed route modes	American Indian Tribe
<b>OR</b>	<b>OR</b>
≥ 100 vehicles in one non-fixed route mode	≤ 100 vehicles across all fixed route modes
	<b>OR</b>
	≤ 100 vehicles in one non-fixed route mode

### TAM Plan Elements

The following graphic shows the TAM Plan elements that are required by each category of provider. Since Tier II providers generally operate less complex systems, their TAM Plan requirements are not as extensive.

1. Inventory of Capital Assets	
2. Condition Assessment	<u>Tier I &amp; II</u>
3. Decision Support Tools	
4. Investment Prioritization	
5. TAM and SGR Policy	
6. Implementation Strategy	<u>Tier I Only</u>
7. List of Key Annual Activities	
8. Identification of Resources	
9. Evaluation Plan	

## Assets Included in Plan

It is expected that all assets used in the provision of public transit will be included in the TAM Plan asset inventory. This includes (with the exception of equipment) assets that are owned by a third party or shared resources. The inventory must include all service vehicles, and any other owned equipment assets over \$50,000 in acquisition value. Agencies only need to include condition assessment for assets for which they have direct capital responsibility.

## Plan Responsibility

Tier I providers must develop and carry out their own TAM plans. Tier II providers may develop their own plans or participate in a Group Plan, which is compiled by a Group Plan Sponsor (generally the State DOT or designated §5310 recipient). Tier II §5307 sub-recipients are not required to be offered a Group Plan, but may participate in one if a Sponsor invites them. Each Transit Provider must designate an Accountable Executive to ensure that the necessary resources are available to carry out the TAM plan and the Transit Agency Safety Plan, regardless of whether it develops its own TAM Plan or participates in a Group Plan.

## Performance Management

Asset performance is measured by asset class, which means a subgroup of capital assets within an asset category. The following table shows the distinction between what assets must be included in asset inventories and the assets for which transit providers must measure performance.

<b>Assets:</b> <i>Only those for which agency has direct capital responsibility</i>	<b>Performance Measure</b>
<b>Equipment</b> Non-revenue support-service and maintenance vehicles	Percentage of vehicles met or exceeded Useful Life Benchmark
<b>Rolling Stock</b> Revenue vehicles by mode	Percentage of vehicles met or exceeded Useful Life Benchmark
<b>Infrastructure</b> Only rail fixed-guideway, track, signals and systems	Percentage of track segments w/ performance restrictions by class
<b>Facilities</b> Maintenance and administrative facilities; and passenger stations (buildings) and parking facilities	Percentage of assets with condition rating below 3.0 on FTA TERM Scale

## Useful Life Benchmark

The expected lifecycle of a capital asset for a particular Transit Provider's operating environment, or the acceptable period of use in service for a particular Transit Provider's operating environment

## Target Setting

Targets should be set by each transit provider or TAM plan sponsor for each applicable asset class for the coming year. Initial targets must be set by January 1, 2017 and then every fiscal year thereafter. It is recognized that Transit Providers may not have complete data while setting initial targets. To the extent feasible, targets should be supported by data such as the most recent condition data and reasonable financial projections for the future, but the overall end goal is to be in a system-wide SGR.

## Timeframes/Reporting

### TAM Plans

A TAM plan must be updated in its entirety at least every 4 years, and it must cover a horizon period of at least 4 years. An initial TAM plan must be completed no later than 2 years after the Final Rule effective date.

### NTD

Each entity developing a TAM Plan will have to report annually to FTA's National Transit Database (NTD). This submission should include: (1) projected targets for the next fiscal year; (2) condition assessments and performance results; and (3) a narrative report on changes in transit system conditions and the progress toward achieving previous performance targets.



## Additional Information

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<https://www.transit.dot.gov/TAM>

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